Definite Integral

$$\int_a^b f(x) \ dx$$

The definite integral of f(x) is a NUMBER and represents the area under the curve f(x), above the *x*-axis, between x = a and x = b.

Indefinite Integral

 $\int f(x) \ dx$

The indefinite integral of f(x) is a FUNCTION and answers the question, "Which function when differentiated gives f(x)?"

Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

The FTC relates these two integrals in the following manner:

To compute a definite integral find the indefinite integral of the function, evaluate it at x = b, evaluate it at x = a, and subtract these two numbers.